

**MATH 2001 DISCRETE MATHEMATICS
WEEK 6 QUIZ
2026 FEBRUARY 20**

PROBLEM S1-1

Find the greatest element of

$$\{x \in \mathbb{N} \mid -x^2 + 7x - 10 > 0\}.$$

(Show some work to explain your answer.)

PROBLEM S1-2

Let $S = \{2, 4, 6\}$. Compute the cardinality of

$$\{A \in \mathcal{P}(S) \mid |A| \text{ is even}\}$$

(Show some work to explain your answer.)

PROBLEM S2-1

Let $\mathbb{R}_{\geq 0} = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \geq 0\}$ and define $f: \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ by $f(x) = x^4 + 1$. Is f injective, surjective, both, or neither? Explain your reasoning.

PROBLEM S2-2

Let $A = \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$ and let $B = \{1, 3, 4, 9, 16, 25, 27, 81\}$. Define $g: A \rightarrow B$ by the rule $g(x) = 3^x$.

- a. Find the image of g .
- b. Let $Y = \{b \in B \mid b = n^2 \text{ for some } n \in \mathbb{N}\}$. List the elements of $g^{-1}(Y)$.

PROBLEM S3-1

Use a truth table to demonstrate that

$$P \wedge (Q \rightarrow \neg P) \equiv \neg(P \rightarrow Q).$$

Show intermediate steps, not just the final result.

PROBLEM S3-2

Suppose that $P \rightarrow Q$ is false. Can we conclude that $\neg P \rightarrow \neg Q$ in this situation? Explain why or why not.

PROBLEM S4-1

Suppose that $n = a^3 + 1$ for some $a \in \mathbb{N}$. Prove that if n is odd then a is even.

PROBLEM S4-2

Suppose that $f: \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$ is injective and that $g: \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$ is also injective. Prove that $g \circ f: \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$ is injective.