# Math 2130 Linear Algebra Week 11 Representing homomorphisms

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# Today's topics

Representing homomorphisms

# Representing homomorphisms

### Definition

Given finite-dimensional vector spaces V and W with bases  $B=\{v_1,v_2,\ldots,v_n\}$  and  $C=\{w_1,w_2,\ldots,w_m\}$ , respectively, and a homomorphism  $f\colon V\to W$  the matrix representation of f relative to the bases B and C is the  $m\times n$  matrix

$$[f]_B^C = [[f(v_1)]_C \quad [f(v_2)]_C \quad \cdots \quad [f(v_n)]_C]$$

where

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \end{bmatrix}_C = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{bmatrix}$$

when  $x = x_1 w_1 + x_2 w_2 + \cdots + x_m w_m$ .



# Representing homomorphisms

## Proposition

Given vector spaces U, V, and W, homomorphisms  $f\colon U\to V$  and  $g\colon V\to W$ , and bases  $B_U=\{u_1,\ldots,u_n\}$ ,  $B_V=\{v_1,\ldots,v_m\}$ , and  $B_W=\{w_1,\ldots,w_k\}$  we have that  $[g\circ f]_{B^{**}}^{B_W}=[g]_{B^{**}}^{B_W}[f]_{B^{**}}^{B_V}.$